was what they were saying among themselves, because they had that same yearning for freedom and for opportunity, economic as well as political.

There is a great sharing between our Nation and Hungary, and to know that Hungary has set an example of endurance of a thousand years, I think, is a great challenge for the United States of America. I would love to see the day when the parliament in Hungary is passing a resolution commending the United States of America on 1,000 years as a nation. Anyone who has never had a chance to visit Hungary and Budapest, this is one of the most beautiful spots in the entire world there on the Danube River where the Hungarian parliament is located. So as well as commemorating Hungary, we urge Americans to visit this great land.

Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman from California (Mr. Lantos); and of course, for him, it is not just a matter of his ancestors but himself who was born there, and he sets the example, as I mentioned, of being part of the melting pot: E Pluribus Unum, out of many nations has come one, the United States. And we want to remember this special land of Hungary and congratulate them on their millennium.

Mr. LANTOS. Mr. Speaker, reclaiming my time, I want to thank my colleague and friend for his most eloquent remarks.

Mr. Speaker, in conclusion, may I just say that as one of Hungarian heritage, who is immensely proud of his heritage, it is important for us to realize that this small nation of 10 million people has been a leader globally in science, in music, in art, in sports, in almost every field of human endeavor. In the Sidney Olympics just concluded, again the Hungarian Olympic team acquitted itself with remarkable success. There is a tremendous list of Nobel laureates from Hungary, testifying to the scientific and educational and academic achievements of this small country.

I strongly urge all of my colleagues to support this resolution and, more importantly, to work along with those of us who have special interests in Hungary to continue building ties of business and culture and academic exchange and good fellowship with the people of Hungary.

Mr. GILMAN. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. LANTOS. I yield to the gen-

tleman from New York.
Mr. GILMAN. Mr. Speaker, I just want to thank the gentleman from California (Mr. Lantos), the gentleman from Oklahoma (Mr. ISTOOK), and the

gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. PALLONE) for their work on this measure and for their supporting statements. This is an important resolution, and I just want to urge my colleagues

to fully support the measure.

Mr. LANTOS. Reclaiming my time, Mr. Speaker, I thank the distinguished chairman of the committee for his words.

Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my reservation of objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. DICKEY). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the concurrent resolution, as follows:

H. CON. RES. 400

Whereas the ancestors of the Hungarian nation, 7 tribes excelling in horsemanship and handicrafts, settled in the Carpathian basin around the end of the 9th century;

Whereas during the next century this tribal association had accommodated itself to a permanently settled status;

Whereas the ruler of the nation at the end of the first millennium, Prince Stephen, realized with great foresight that the survival of his nation depends on its adapting itself to its surroundings by becoming a Christian kingdom and linking its future to Western civilization;

Whereas in 1000 A.D. Stephen, later canonized as Saint Stephen, adopted the Christian faith and was crowned with a crown which he requested from Pope Sylvester II of Rome;

Whereas, by those acts, Saint Stephen, King of Hungary, established his domain as 1 of the 7 Christian kingdoms of Europe of the time and anchored his nation in Western civilization forever;

Whereas during the past 1,000 years, in spite of residing on the traditional cross-roads of invaders from the East and the West, the Hungarian nation showed great vitality in preserving its unique identity, language, culture, and traditions;

Whereas in his written legacy, Saint Stephen called for tolerance and hospitality toward settlers migrating to the land from other cultures:

Whereas through the ensuing centuries other tribes and ethnic and religious groups moved to Hungary and gained acceptance into the nation, enriching its heritage;

Whereas since the 16th century a vibrant Protestant community has contributed to the vitality and diversity of the Hungarian nation;

Whereas, particularly after their emancipation in the second half of the 19th century, Hungarians of the Jewish faith have made an enormous contribution to the economic, cultural, artistic, and scientific life of the Hungarian nation, contributing more than half of the nation's Nobel Prize winners;

Whereas the United States has benefitted immensely from the hard work, dedication, scientific knowledge, and cultural gifts of hundreds of thousands of immigrants from Hungary; and

Whereas in this year Hungary also celebrates the 10th anniversary of its first post-communist free and democratic elections, the first such elections within the former Warsaw Pact: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring). That the Congress—

(1) congratulates the Republic of Hungary, and Hungarians everywhere, on the one thousandth anniversary of the founding of the Kingdom of Hungary by Saint Stephen; and

(2) commends the Republic of Hungary for the great determination, skill, and sense of purpose it demonstrated in its recent transition to a democratic state dedicated to upholding universal rights and liberties, a free market economy, and integration into European and transatlantic institutions.

The concurrent resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. GILMAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks on House Concurrent Resolution 400, the matter just considered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

PASS THE VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT

(Mrs. MALONEY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. MALONEY of New York. Mr. Speaker, over 900,000 women suffer violence each year at the hands of an intimate partner. We need the Violence Against Women Act to be reauthorized. It has provided over \$1.6 billion in Federal grants to prosecutors, to law enforcement officials, and to victim assistance programs; yet it was allowed to expire this past weekend.

Last week, this body passed it overwhelmingly. There is deep support in the Senate, with over 70 co-sponsors. Yet the Senate is holding this important piece of legislation up. Meanwhile, women fleeing domestic violence and children who live in violent situations wait and wait and wait.

I urge the other body to pass this bill immediately. Women and children around this Nation are counting on us. We should have passed it in the other body last week. We should not have allowed it to expire.

VITAL LEGISLATION NEEDS ADDRESSING BEFORE CONGRESS ADJOURNS

(Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I want to offer my support for moving along the Violence Against Women Act. I believe that we have more than an important responsibility to deal with this legislation. As Chair of the Congressional Children's Caucus, I can tell my colleagues of the terrible and horrific results that come from a child that has experienced violence in the home.

In addition, Mr. Speaker, I think it is vital that we spend these last waning hours to address the question of a patients' bill of rights to address the question of a guaranteed Medicare drug prescription benefit for seniors. Having come from my district, I know what people are crying out for.

I also believe, Mr. Speaker, that as we have seen three recent votes on the floor of the House this evening, it is imperative when we look at serious issues dealing with privacy and violence against women that we have